# BUDGET 2024



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# NARENDRA MODI

Budget 2024 empowers neo-middle class, gaon, garib and kisan



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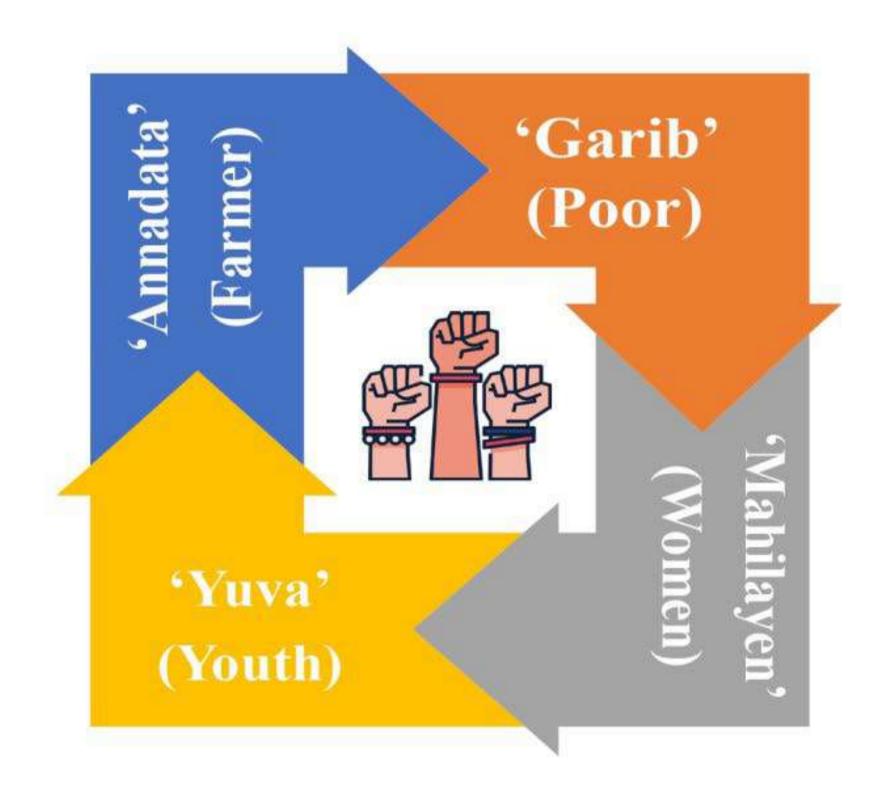
- "Kursi Bachao" Budget.
- Appease Allies: Hollow promises to them at the cost of other states.
- Appease Cronies: Benefits to AA with no relief for the common Indian.
- Copy and Paste: Congress manifesto and previous budgets.



She highlighted the four main focus points of the first budget under the Modi 3.0 government. It includes: 'Garib' (Poor), 'Yuva' (Youth), 'Annadata' (Farmer) and 'Nari' (Women).

# Roadmap for our pursuit of 'Viksit Bharat'

#### Focus on 4 major castes



#### Productivity and resilience in Agriculture



#### **Transforming Agriculture Research**

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Comprehensive review of the agriculture research setup to bring focus on raising productivity and developing climate resilient varieties.

#### **National Cooperation Policy**

For systematic, orderly and all-round development of the cooperative sector



For oil seeds such as mustard, groundnut, sesame, soyabean and sunflower

# Vegetable production & supply chain

Promotion of FPOs, cooperatives & start-ups for vegetable supply chains for collection, storage, and marketing.

#### Release of new varieties

109 new high-yielding and climateresilient varieties of 32 field and horticulture crops will be released for cultivation by farmers

#### **Natural Farming**

- 1 crore farmers across the country will be initiated into natural farming, supported by certification and branding in next 2 years.
- 10,000 need-based bio-input resource centres to be established.

#### **Shrimp Production & Export**

 Financing for Shrimp farming, processing and export will be facilitated through NABARD.

#### Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)

- DPI for coverage of farmers and their lands in 3 years.
- Digital crop survey in 400 districts
- Issuance of Jan Samarth based Kisan Credit Cards

# PM's Package (4th scheme)

#### **Priorities for Viksit Bharat**

#### **Employment & Skilling**



#### PM's Package (3 schemes for Employment Linked Incentive)

- One-month wage to new entrants in all formal sectors in 3 instalments up to ₹15,000.
- Expected to benefit 210 lakh youth

Scheme B
Job Creation in
Manufacturing

- Government will reimburse EPFO contributions of employers up to ₹3000 per month for 2 years for all new hires.
- Expected to generate 50 lakh jobs

Scheme A First Timers

- Linked to first time employees
- Incentive to both employee & employer for EPFO contributions in the specified scales for the first 4 years
- Expected to benefit 30 lakh youth

Scheme C Support to Employers

- Facilitate higher participation of **women** in the workforce through setting up of working women hostels in collaboration with industry, and establishing creches.
- Loans up to ₹7.5 lakh with a guarantee from a government promoted Fund.
- Expected to help **25,000** students every year.
- Financial support for loans upto ₹10 lakh for higher education in domestic institutions.
- Direct E-vouchers to 1 lakh students every year.
- Annual interest subvention of 3%

#### Skilling Programme

- 20 lakh youth will be skilled over a 5-year period.
- 1,000 Industrial
  Training Institutes will
  be upgraded in hub
  and spoke
  arrangements with
  outcome orientation.
- Course content & design aligned as per skill needs of industry.

Inclusive Human Resource

Development and Social Justice



#### Purvodaya: Vikas bhi Virasat bhi

• Plan for endowment rich states in the Eastern parts covering Bihar, Jharkhand, West Bengal, Odisha and Andhra Pradesh for generation of economic opportunities to attain Viksit Bharat.



• Amritsar Kolkata Industrial Corridor with development of an industrial node at Gaya.



Allocation of more than ₹3 lakh crore for schemes benefitting women and girls.

Pradhan Mantri Janjatiya Unnat Gram Abhiyan: Improving the socio-economic condition of tribal communities covering 63,000 villages benefitting 5 crore tribal people.





More than 100 branches of India Post Payment Bank will be set up in the North East region.

#### Andhra Pradesh Reorganization Act:

- Financial support of ₹15,000 crores will be arranged in FY 24-25.
- Completion of Polavaram Irrigation Project ensuring food security of the nation.
- Essential infrastructure such as water, power, railways and roads in Kopparthy node on the Vishakhapatnam-Chennai Industrial Corridor and Orvakal node on Hyderabad-Bengaluru Industrial Corridor.



#### Manufacturing & Services



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Credit Guarantee Scheme for MSMEs in the Manufacturing Sector

Enhanced scope for mandatory onboarding in TReDS

MSME Units for Food Irradiation, Quality & Safety Testing New assessment model for MSME credit

Mudra Loans: The limit enhanced to ₹ 20 lakh from the current ₹ 10 lakh under the 'Tarun' category.

Credit Support to
MSMEs during
Stress Period

Twelve industrial parks under the National Industrial Corridor Development Programme

Rental housing with dormitory type accommodation for industrial workers in PPP mode with VGF support.

Critical Minerals Mission for domestic production, recycling and overseas acquisition.

Strengthening of the tribunal and appellate tribunals to speed up insolvency resolution and additional tribunals to be established

#### Internship Opportunities

- Scheme for providing internship opportunities in 500 top companies to 1 crore youth in 5 years.
- Allowance of ₹5,000 per month along with a one-time assistance of ₹6,000 through the CSR funds.

#### Urban Development





Stamp Duty

Encouraging states to lower stamp duties for properties purchased by women.



Street Markets

Envisioning
a scheme to
develop 100
weekly
'haats' or
street food
hubs in
select cities



Transit
Oriented
Development

Transit Oriented
Development
plans for 14
large cities with
a population
above 30 lakh



Water Management

Promote water supply, sewage treatment and solid waste management projects and services for 100 large cities through bankable projects.

#### Housing Needs



PM Awas Yojana Urban 2.0

Needs of 1 crore urban poor and middle-class families will be addressed with an investment of ₹10 lakh crore



Enabling policies and regulations for efficient and transparent rental housing markets with enhanced availability will also be put in place.

#### **Energy Security**



Initiatives with private sector in Nuclear Energy

- Setting up Bharat Small Reactors
- R&D of Bharat Small
   Modular Reactor and
   newer technologies for
   nuclear energy



#### **Pumped Storage Policy**

For electricity storage and facilitation of smooth integration of the growing share of renewable energy

Power Plants
A joint venture between
NTPC and BHEL will
set up a full scale 800
MW commercial plant.

#### **Energy Audit**

- Financial support for shifting of micro and small industries to cleaner forms of energy
- Facilitate investment grade energy audit in 60 clusters, next phase expands to 100 clusters.



#### 1 crore

Households obtain free electricity

# Up to 300

Units every month

#### 1.28 crore

Registrations and 14 lakh applications so far

#### Infrastructure



Provision of ₹11,111,111

crore for infrastructure (3.4% of GDP).

₹1.5 lakh crore to states as long-term interest free loans to support resource allocation.

Phase IV of PMGSY will be launched to provide all-weather connectivity to 25,000 rural habitations.

#### Irrigation and Flood Mitigation

Financial support for projects with estimated cost of ₹11,500 crore such as the **Kosi-Mechi** intra-state link and 20 other ongoing and new schemes

Assistance for flood management and related projects in Assam, Sikkim & Uttarakhand

Assistance for reconstruction and rehabilitation in Himachal Pradesh



#### Infrastructure



#### **Tourism**

- Development of Vishnupad Temple Corridor and Mahabodhi Temple Corridor modelled on Kashi Vishwanath Temple Corridor
- Comprehensive development initiative for **Rajgir** will be undertaken which holds religious significance for Hindus, Buddhists and Jains.
- The development of Nalanda as a tourist centre besides reviving Nalanda University to its glorious stature.
- Assistance to development of **Odisha's** scenic beauty, temples, monuments, craftsmanship, wildlife sanctuaries, natural landscapes and pristine beaches making it an ultimate tourism destination.

#### Innovation, Research & Development





Operationalization of the Anusandhan National Research Fund for basic research and prototype development.

Private sector-driven research and innovation at commercial scale with a financing pool of ₹1 lakh crore

Space Economy: A venture capital fund of ₹1,000 crore is to be set up

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#### **Next Generation Reforms**

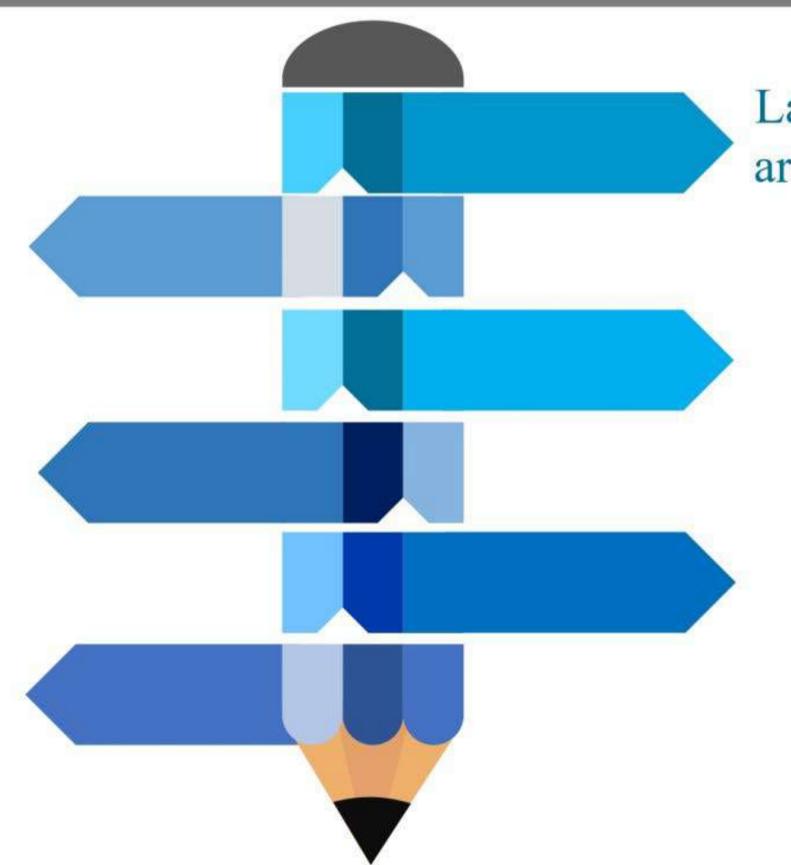


#### Rural & Urban land related actions

Unique Land Parcel Identification Number or Bhu-Aadhaar for all lands.

Survey of map sub-divisions as per current ownership

Linkages to the farmers' registries



Land records in urban areas will be digitized with GIS mapping

Digitization of cadastral maps

Establishment of land registry

Taxonomy for climate finance: Enhancing the availability of capital for climate adaptation and mitigation related investments

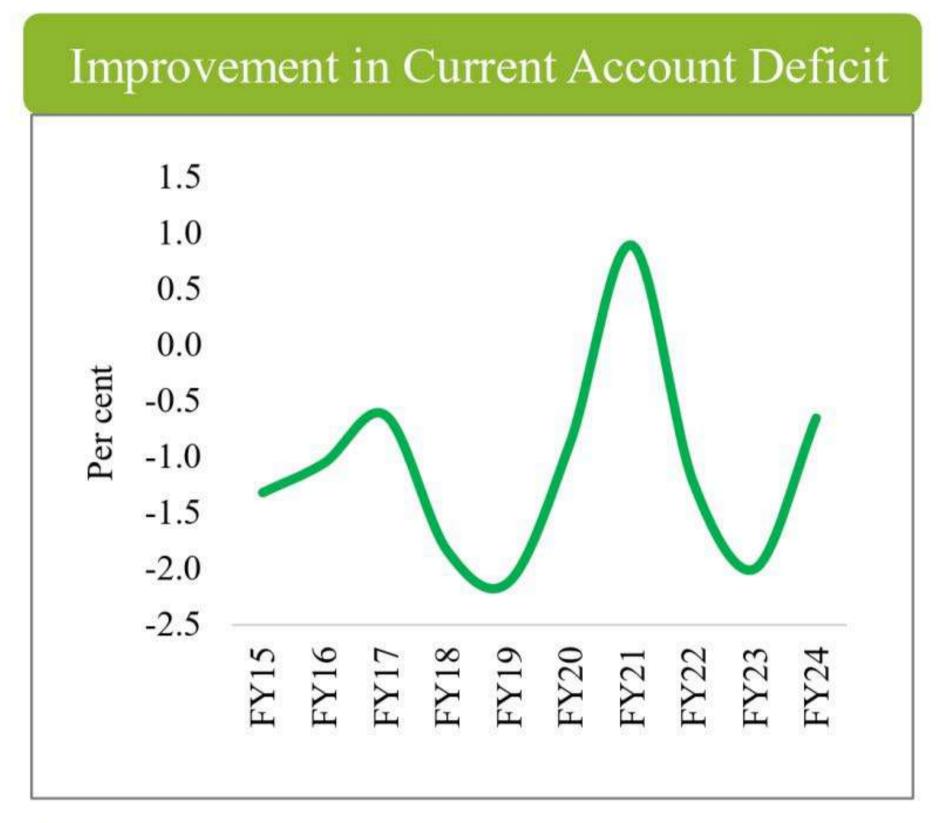
FDI and Overseas Investments: Simplified to facilitate FDIs and promote opportunities for using Indian Rupee as a currency for overseas investments.

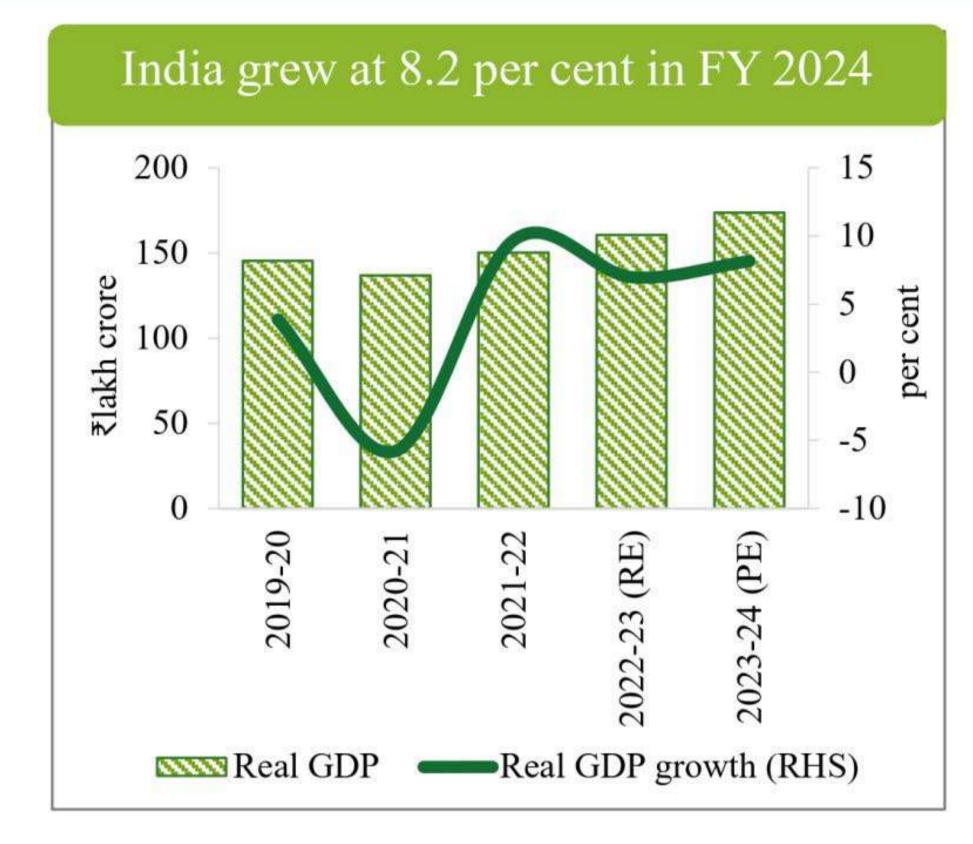
NPS Vatsalya: A plan for contribution by parents and guardians for minors.

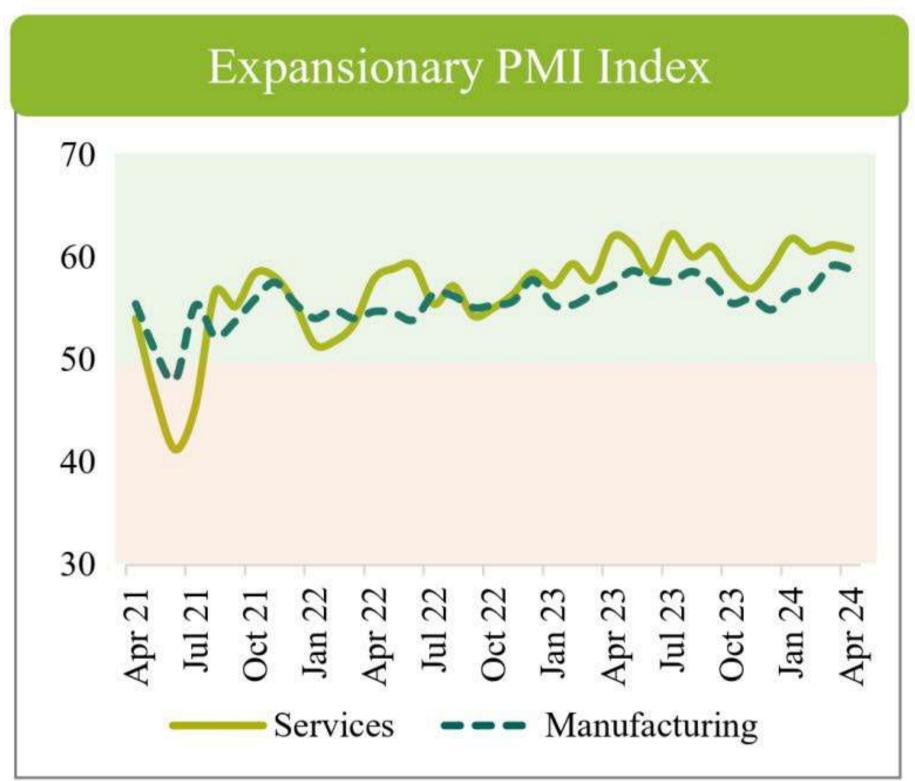
Improvement of data governance, collection, processing and management of data and statistics.

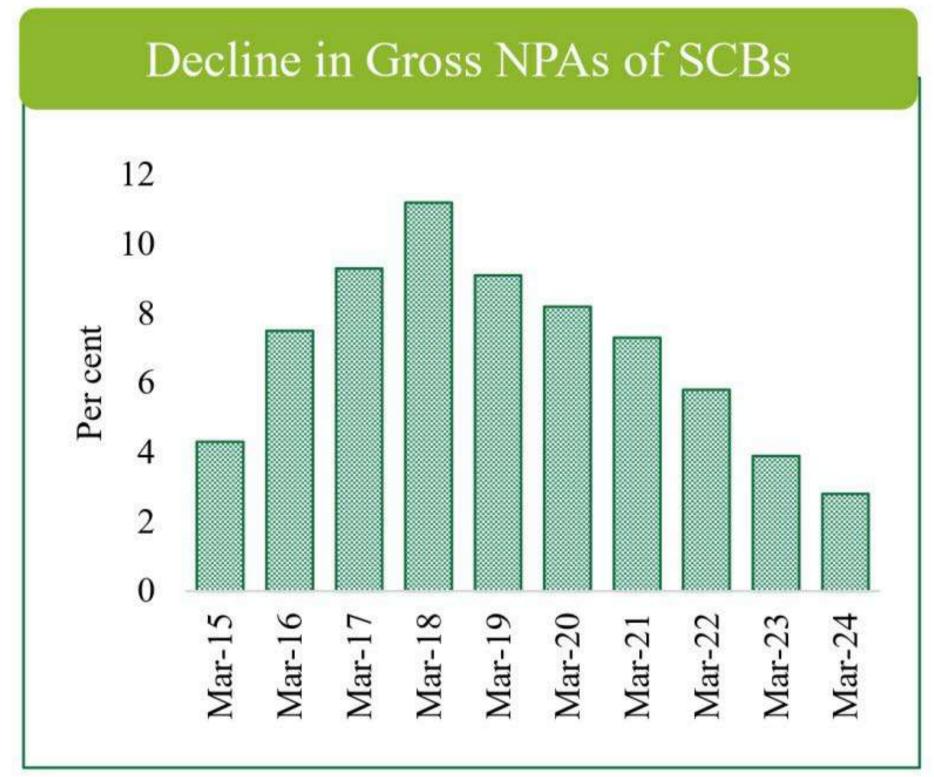
New Pension Scheme (NPS): A solution that address the relevant issues, protects the common citizen and maintains fiscal prudence will be formed.

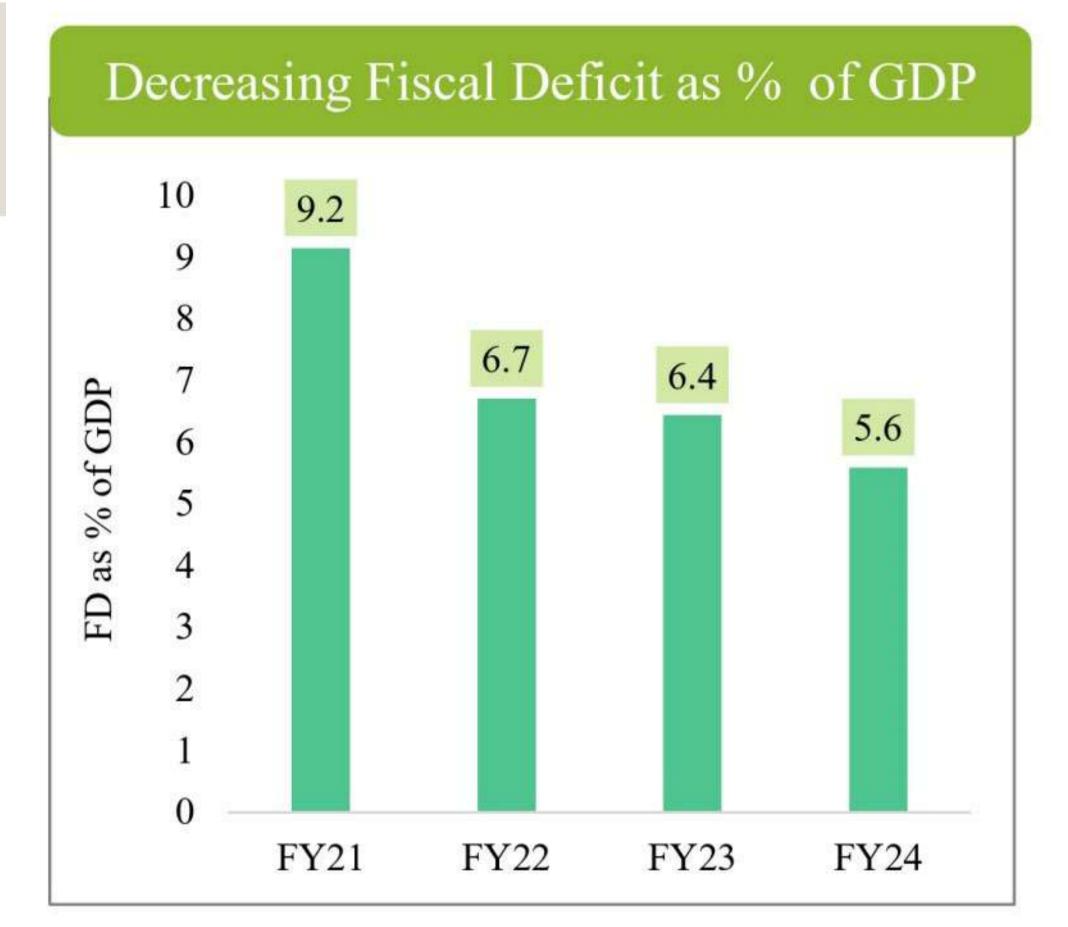
#### Robust Economic Foundations

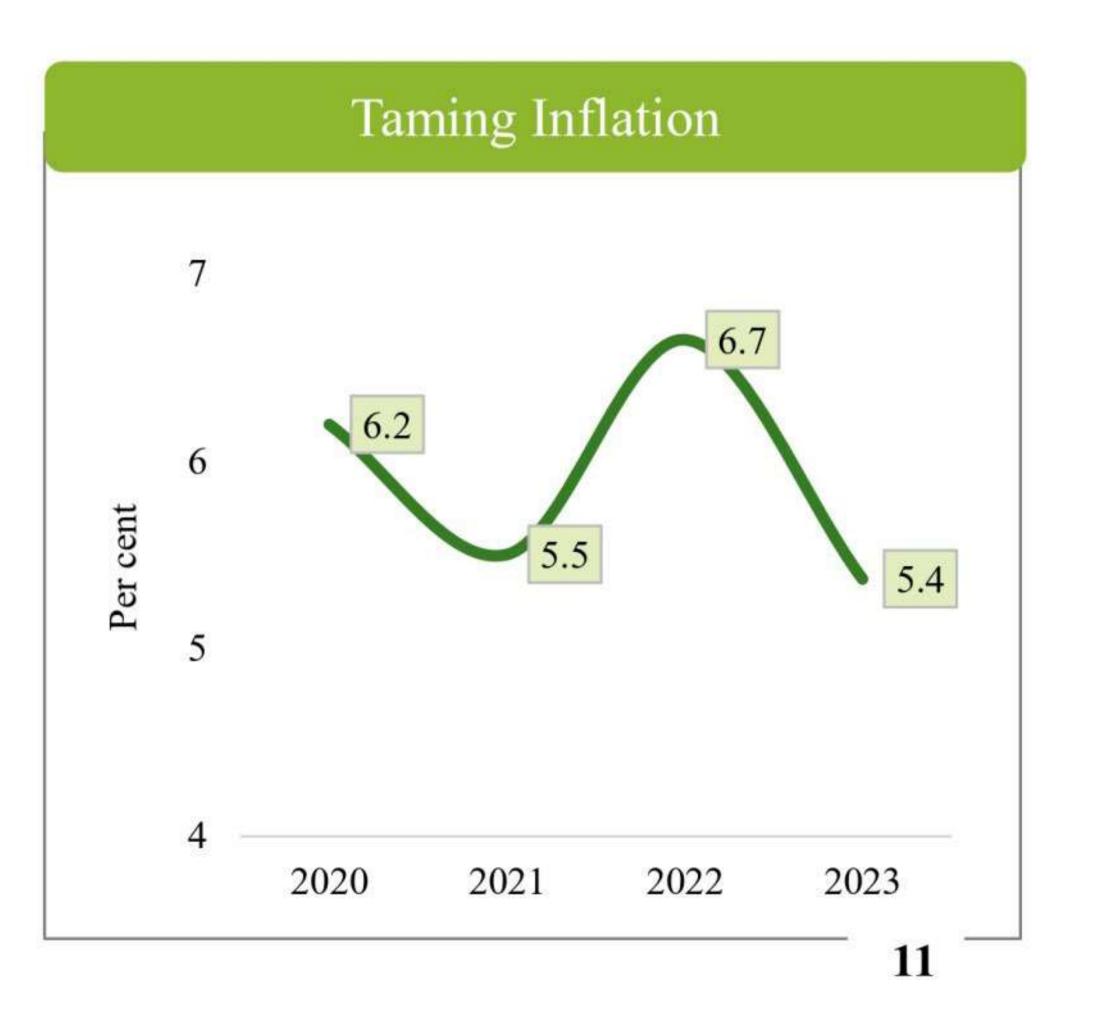






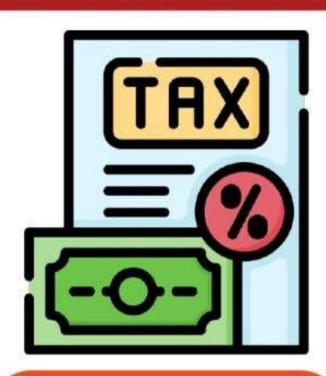






### Tax Proposals

#### Simplification in Taxes



Review of Income Tax
Act 1961



Simplification of charities and TDS



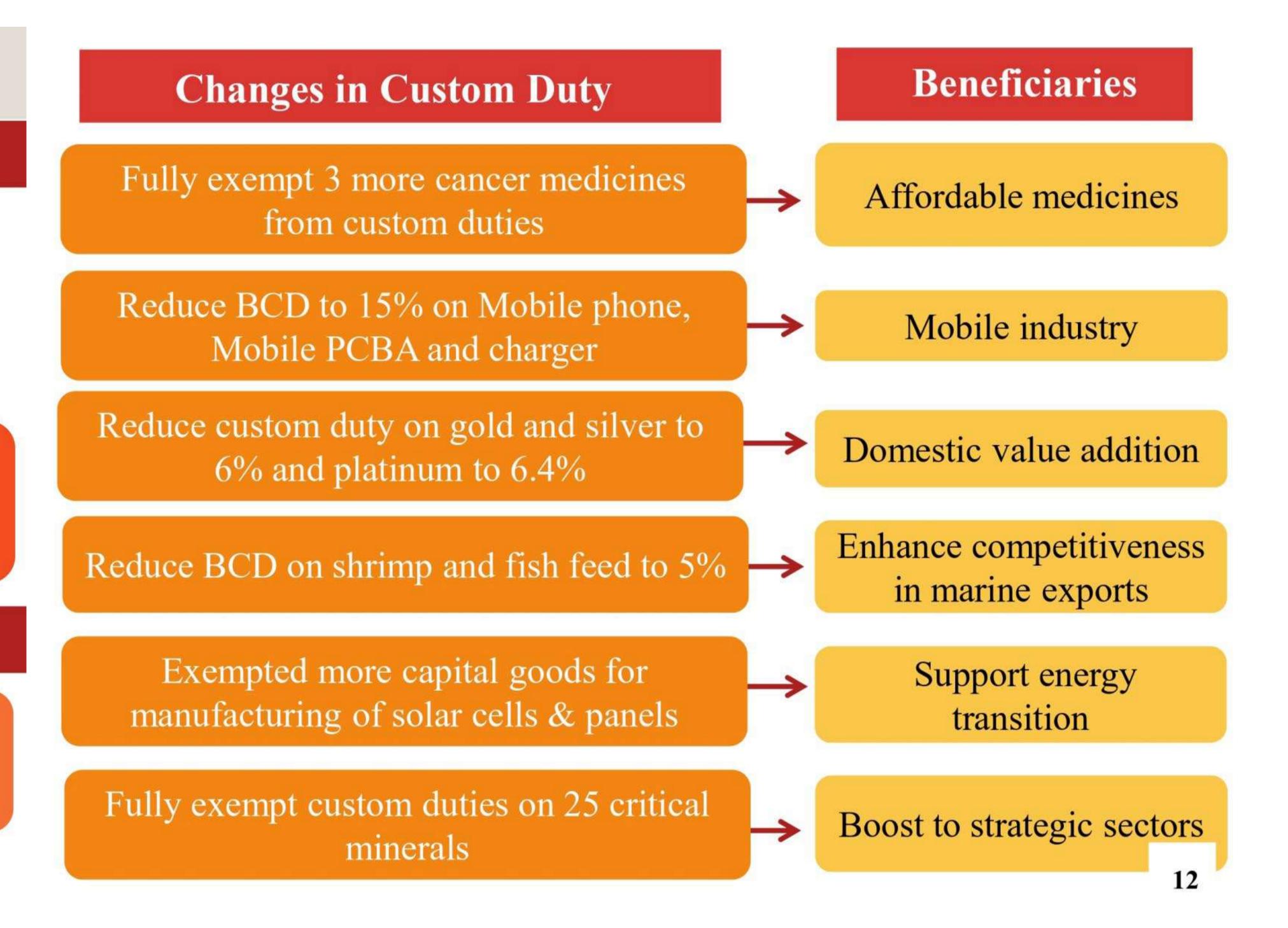
Litigation and Appeal



Deepening the tax base

#### Sector Specific Customs Duty Proposals

Comprehensive review of the rate structure for ease of trade, removal of duty inversion and reduction of disputes



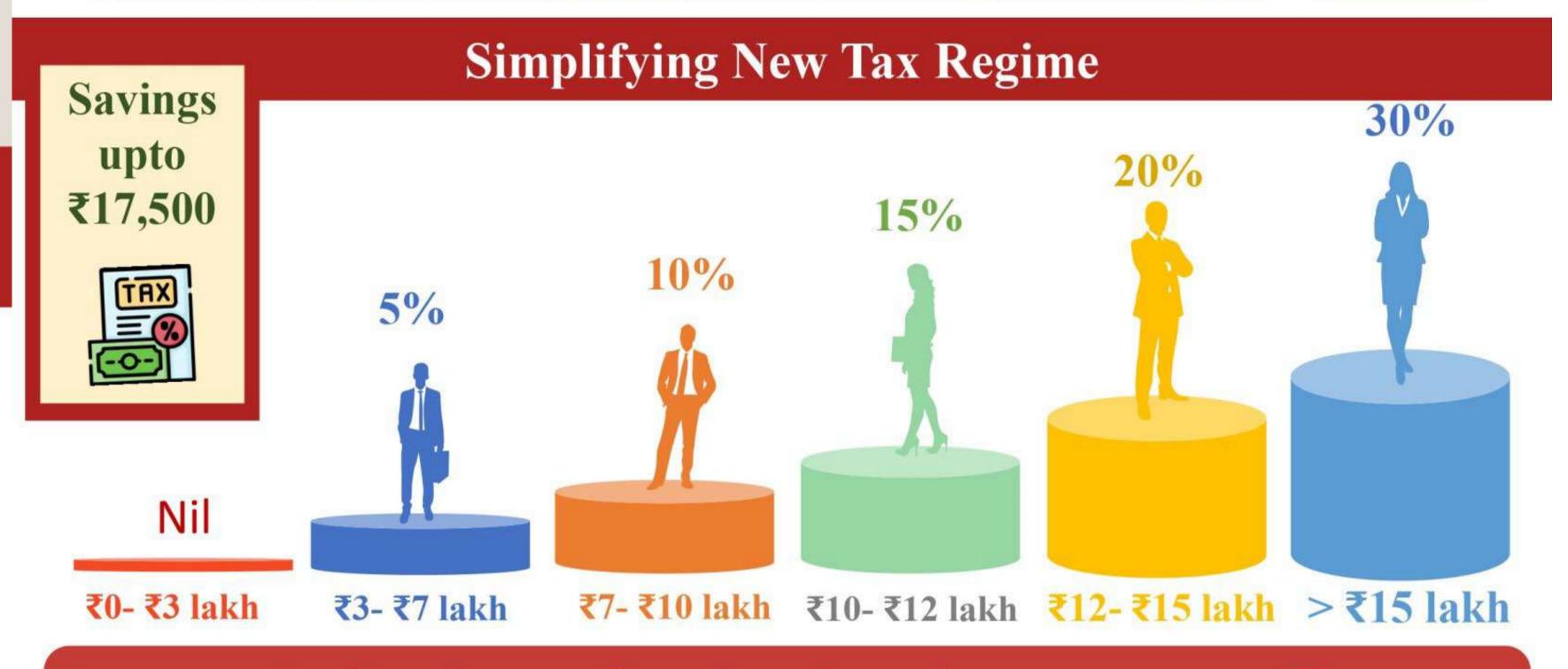
## Direct Tax Proposals

To reduce the compliance burden, promote entrepreneurial spirit and provide tax relief to citizens

Rationalisation of capital gains

- Short term gains of financial assets to attract 20% tax rate
- Long term gains on all financial an non-financial assets to attract a tax rate of 12.5%
- Increase in limit of exemption of capital gains on financial assets to ₹1.25 lakh per year
- Abolish ANGEL tax for all classes of investors.
- Simpler tax regime to operate domestic cruise
- Provide for safe harbour rates for foreign mining companies (Selling raw diamonds)
- Corporate tax rate on foreign companies reduced from 40% to 35%

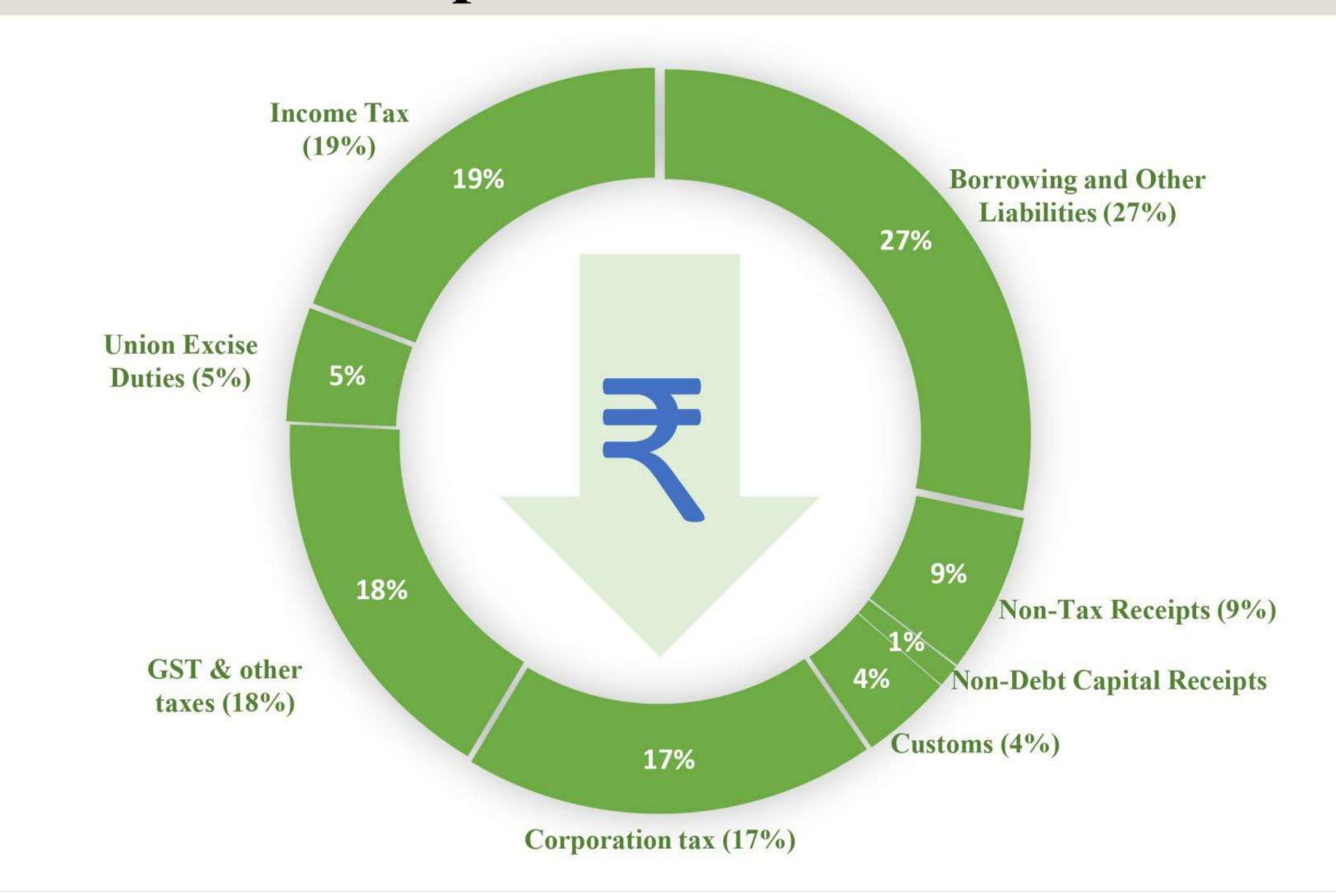
Employment and linvestment



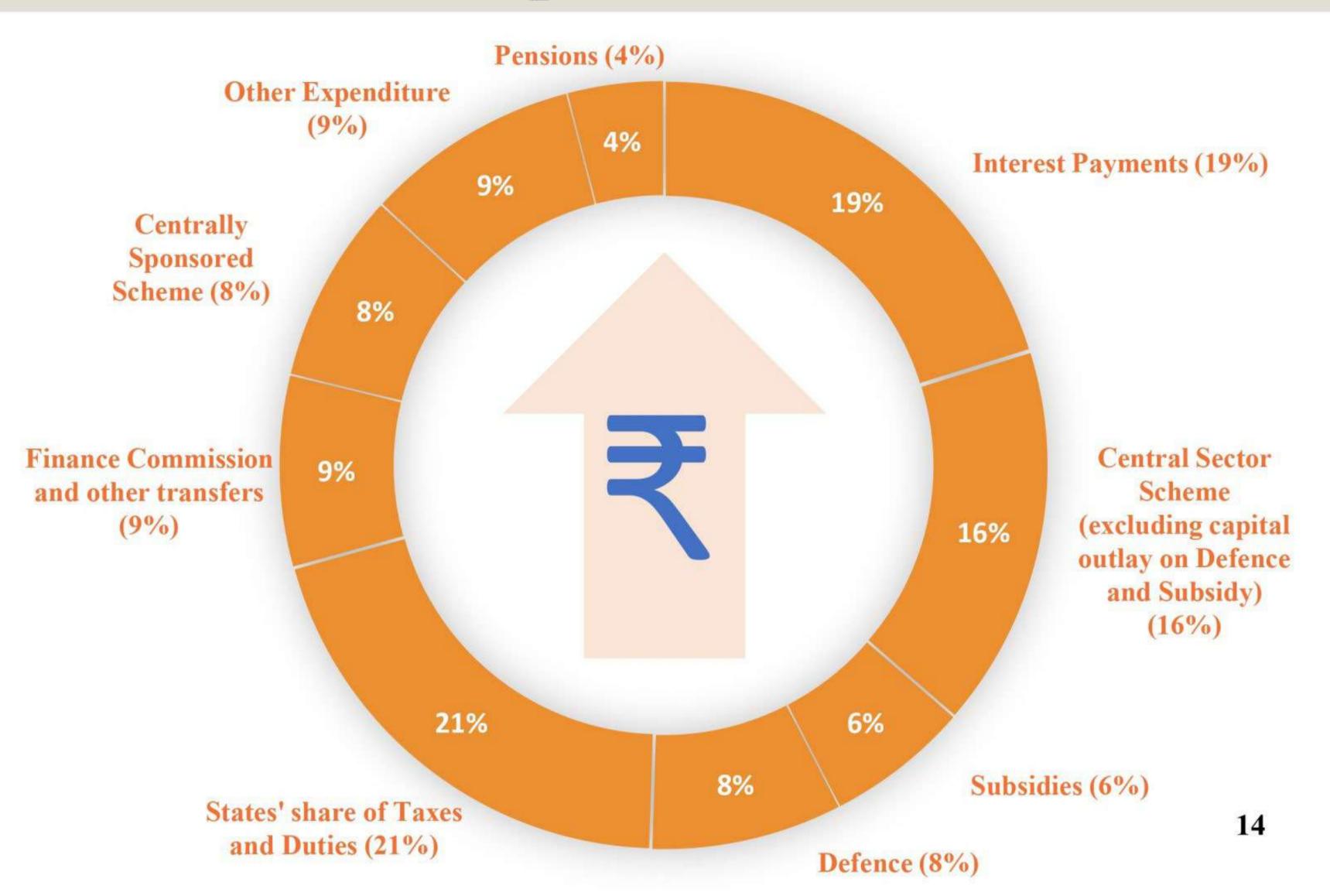
Standard Deduction for salaried employees increased from ₹50,000 to ₹75,000

Deduction on family pension for pensioners increased from ₹15,000 to ₹25,000

# Rupee Comes From

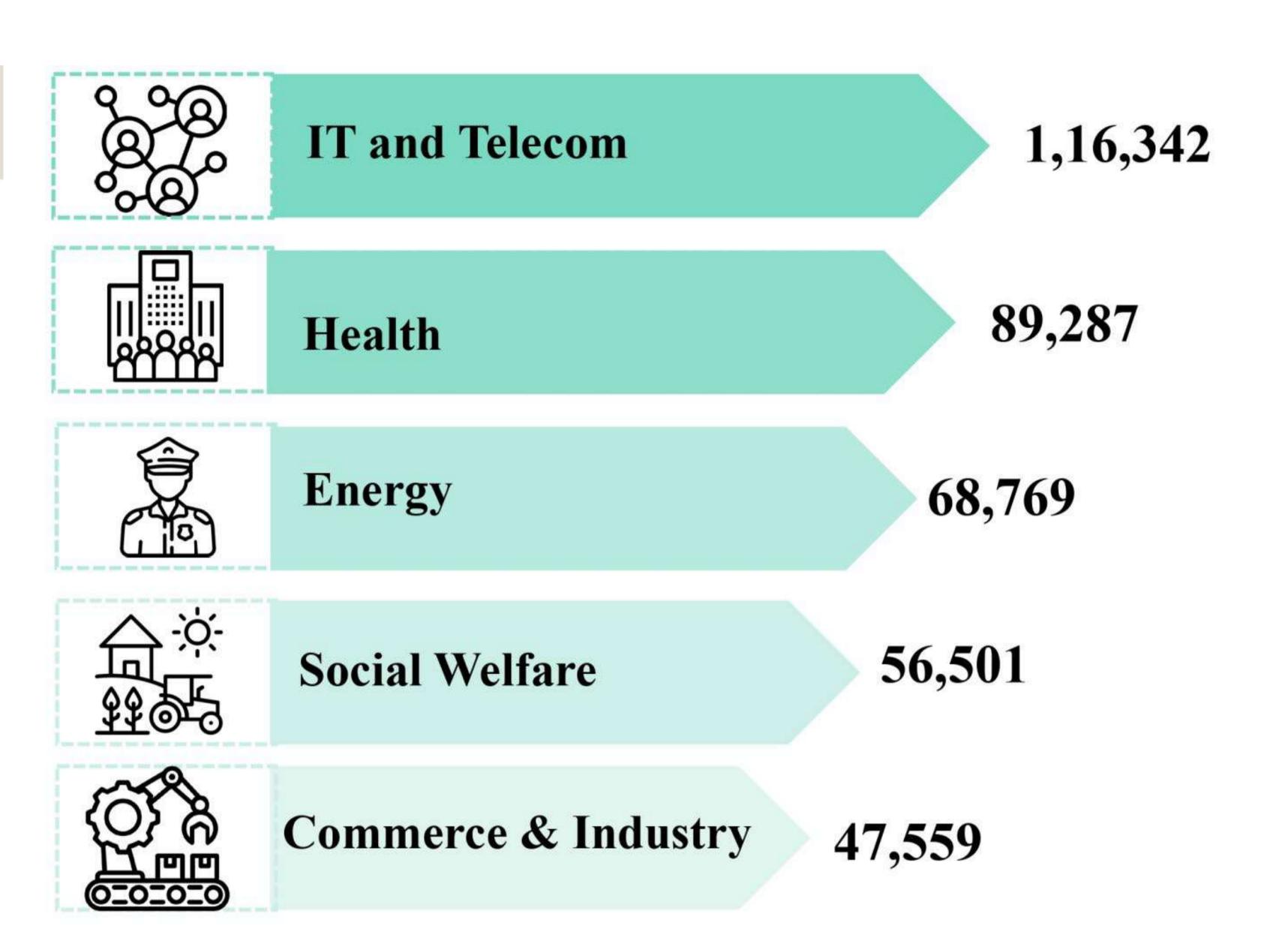


# Rupee Goes To



# Expenditure of Major Items

		in ₹ Crore
	Defence	4,54,773
新 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	Rural Development	2,65,808
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Agriculture and Allied Activities	1,51,851
	Home Affairs	1,50,983
	Education	1,25,638



#### Allocation to Major Schemes (in ₹ crore)

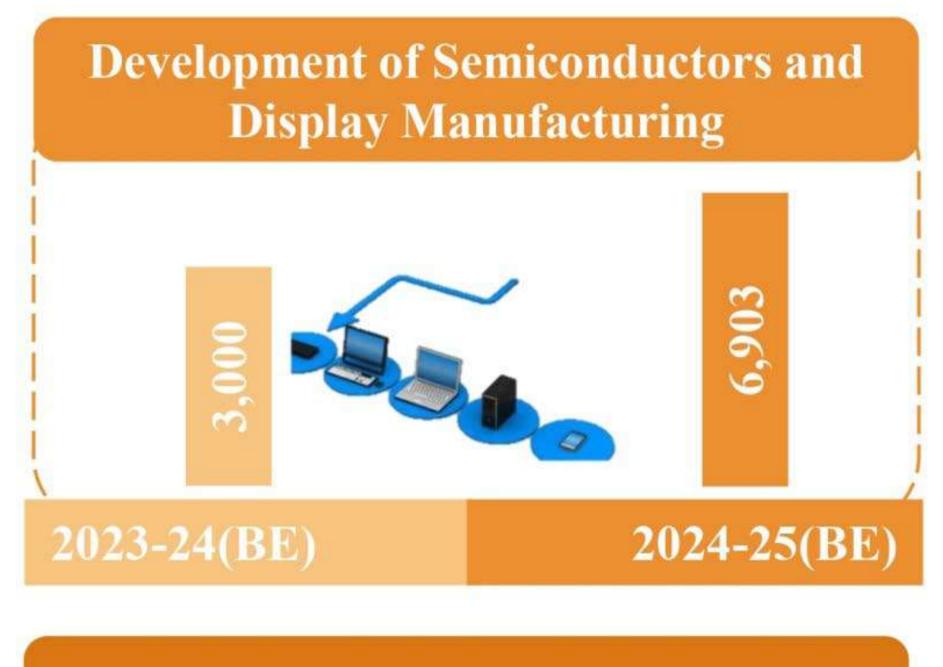


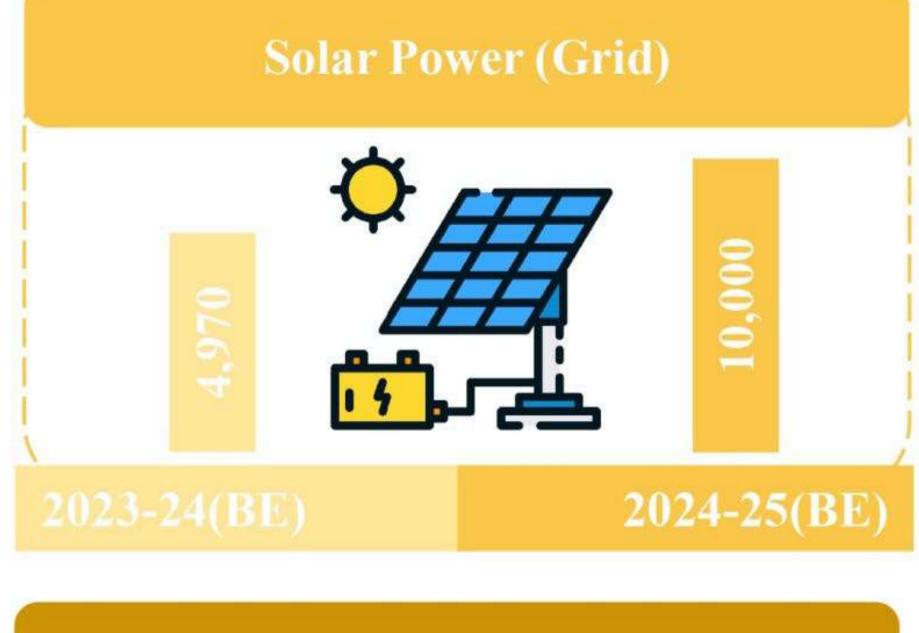
2023-24(BE)

2024-25(BE)

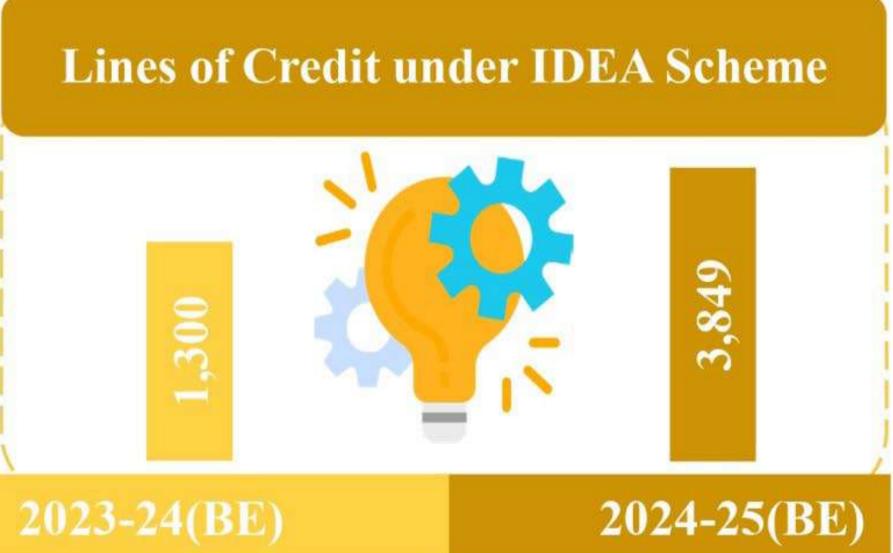
2024-25(BE)

2023-24(BE)

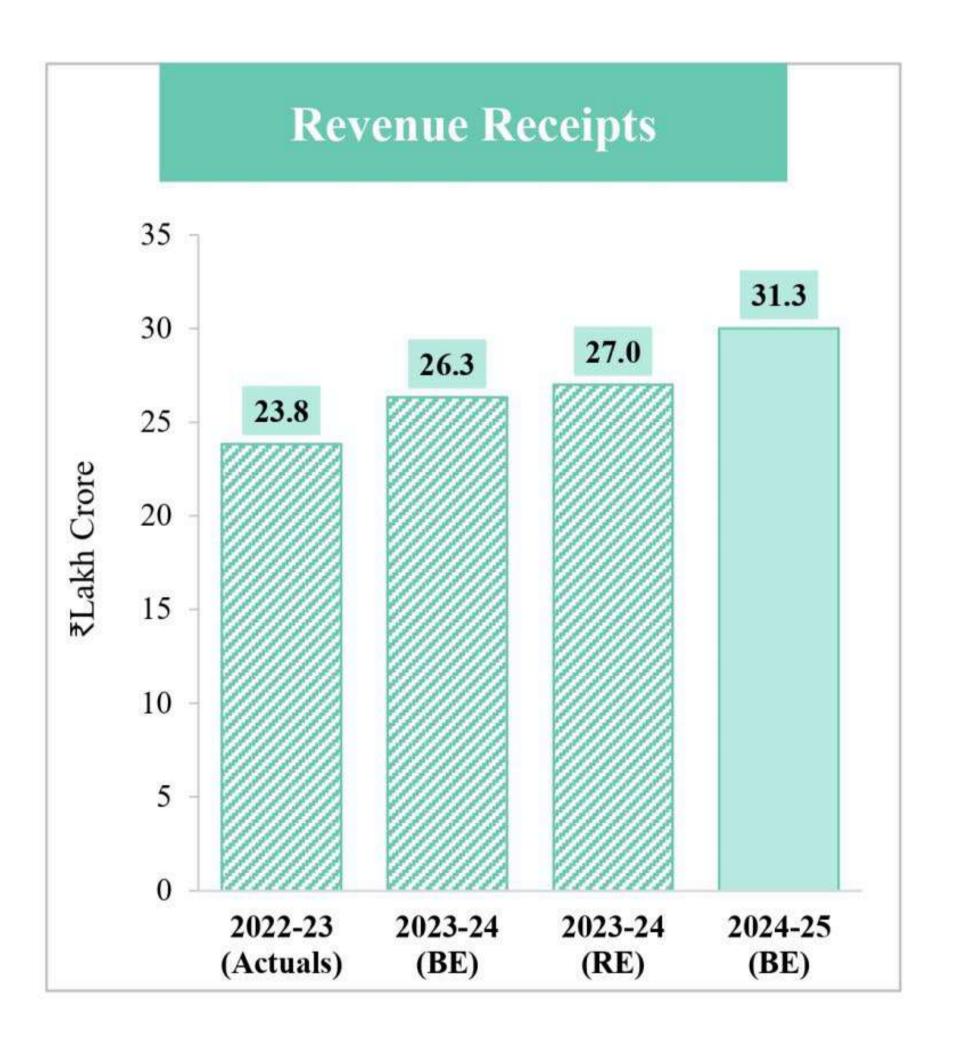


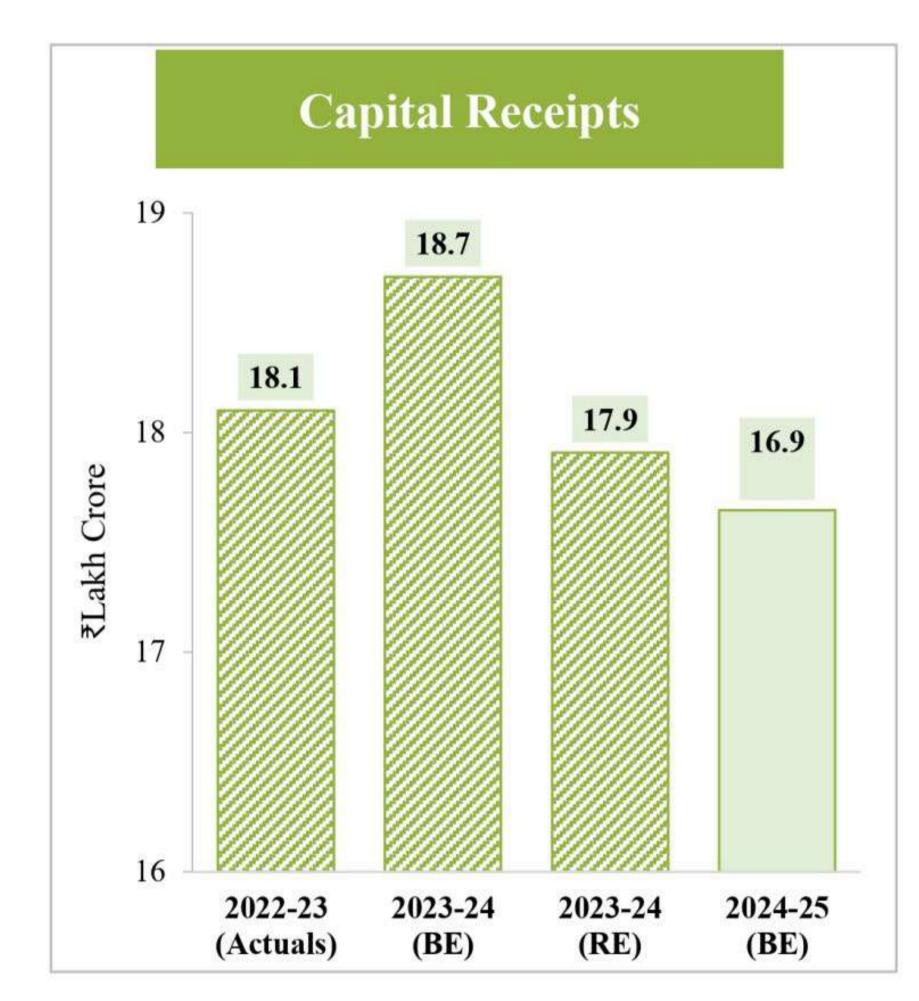






# Receipts





# Expenditure

